

FIGHT SNAKY REDS, PLEADS CRISSINGER

Comptroller of Currency Tells
Bankers Moscow Aims at U. S.
From Far Eastern Base.

JULIUS H. BARNES TALKS

Sees Encouragement in the
Present Status of the
Farmers.

American institutions must prepare to meet the attack of Bolshevism arrayed in the East "against the entire Western conception of human society and human destiny," D. R. Crissinger, Comptroller of the Currency, declared in an address last night before the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Banking at the Hotel Commodore.

Failing to break down the social and political system of Western Europe and America, Mr. Crissinger asserted, Bolshevism has turned its energies toward stirring up antagonisms in the East under the leadership of Moscow and the Third Internationale, against the Western Powers. Removal of the menace does not mean it is destroyed, he said. "It is pursuing its devious and menacing activities" where it cannot be watched or dealt with so directly.

"If we are to cope effectively with this attack on our institutions," he declared, "we must first of all recognize that the attack is in progress and that it is extremely dangerous. And after that we must search our institutions and organizations in an effort to determine to what extent they justify violent criticism and hostile attack. Having made such a survey, it becomes our duty to adopt measures of reform that will justify us in insisting that ours is on the whole the system best suited to the needs of the world."

"In short, the leadership of the world by the European and American nations has been challenged and we must respond to the challenge by convincing the world that our institutions, our civilization, our economic methods, our instruments whereby to promote the general advance of mankind, are the best institutions, the best civilization, the best economic methods, the best instruments that have been offered for the promotion of human welfare. If they are not all this they do not deserve perpetuation."

Development of international trade, Mr. Crissinger contended, would break down the isolations of the East as well as bring closer together the peoples of the countries of the world.

To this end he declared himself convinced that the consolidated credit and gold resources of the world were now ample to sustain a monetary system through which international commerce could be returned to a basis of security within a reasonable time.

"I believe the time is ripe," he said, "for this effort to be undertaken through international concerns and understanding, and I believe that American financial opinion should be prepared for the presentation of proposals looking to this end in the not distant future, whether at Geneva or at some other later international economic conference."

Julius H. Barnes, former chairman of the Board of Directors of the United States Grain Corporation, was the only other speaker. He spoke briefly concerning the revival of international trade, saying that the era of legitimate

import and export has begun. He saw encouragement in the present status of the farmer.

"All that the farmer buys is on the down grade and all that he sells is on the up grade," said Mr. Barnes. Among those present were H. Parker Willis, James Childs, Egbert, George E. Allen, Paul Duran, Herbert P. Howell, Samuel H. Miller, William E. Knox, Harry E. Ward, George H. Krets, Benjamin Strong, W. S. McLachlan, the Rev. Dr. Caleb E. Stetson, Ruel W. Poor, Andrew H. Mars, Herman D. Kountze, Robert B. Locke, F. N. Shepherd, Carter E. Tallman and William Feick, president of the New York chapter of the institute, who presided.

LAW REFORM BILLS FAVORED BY TAFT

Measures Before Congress
Analyzed by Chief Justice.

Two law reform bills now before Congress, one to increase the number of Federal judges by twenty or twenty-five and the other extending slightly the already complete powers of the Supreme Court of the United States, received the approval of William H. Taft, Chief Justice of the United States, in a speech last night at the annual dinner of the New York County Lawyers Association in the Hotel Astor.

The bill for the increase of Federal judges, Justice Taft explained, requires in addition to an increase that a committee of appellate justices meet regularly and distribute available judges so as to mass their activities where arrears are greatest. The other bill makes important changes in the appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court and Circuit Court of Appeals. "This bill," he said, "plans to reduce the obligatory jurisdiction of the Supreme Court so as to narrow the field in which there shall be appeals to it of right and enlarge its power to make previous examinations to determine whether questions are of sufficient importance to be reheard."

"So far as litigation is concerned the trial and a review before another court of the fairness of it should be all any individual is entitled to as of right. It is too much to ask the State to give him three chances."

Other speakers were Chief Judge Frank H. Hisecock of the Court of Appeals, Presiding Justice John Proctor Clarke of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, and James M. Beck.

Among lawyers and judges present were: John C. Knox, James Byrne, Learned Hand, Julius M. Mayer, Walter Lloyd Smith, Samuel Greenbaum, John W. Hogan, Frederick E. Crane, Victor J. Dowling, Charles M. Hough, Charles Strauss, Benjamin N. Cardozo, Frank C. Laughlin, Chester B. McLaughlin, Henry Wade Rogers, Edgar S. K. Merrill, Martin T. Mantou, Augustus N. Hand, William D. Guthrie, Julian W. Mack.

SUES FOR DU PONT TAXES.

Government Demands Disputed
Levy of \$388,368.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—Suits today were filed in the United States District Court against the estate of Alexis du Pont, a member of the du Pont family of Wilmington, for \$388,368, alleged income taxes on stock dividends valued at \$4,633,640 distributed by the E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Company in 1915.

The case grows out of a suit in the Federal court in Delaware to restrain the Collector of Internal Revenue from enforcing payment of taxes following a test case in the United States Supreme Court sustaining the legality of assessments on stock dividends.

A hearing has been fixed for March 3 in the injunction suit.

SAFETY FOR NEGRO SOUGHT AS SLAYER

North Carolina Governor De-
clares There Will Be No
Lynching.

RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 18.—Reiterating earlier statements that if Matthew Bullock, a negro arrested yesterday at Hamilton, Ont., on an extradition warrant from the American State Department, was returned here to answer to a charge of attempted murder, every precaution would be taken to guarantee him a fair trial, Gov. Morrison today said:

"People in some sections of the country do not seem to understand that so-called lynchings in the South are nothing more than the killing of a criminal by the friends and frequently outraged relatives of the victim of the prisoner's crime."

The Governor expressed confidence that the State Department at Washington would act "with high respect for the State of North Carolina" in its efforts to bring about extradition. County Judge Snider at Hamilton has refused to grant extradition until witnesses have been produced by the State of North Carolina to testify to the charges against Bullock, which involve his alleged attempted murder of Rabey Traylor in connection with the Norlina race riots.

"Lynchings are never winked at by the authorities," Gov. Morrison said in a statement, "and are always prevented where the authorities have any knowledge of the approach of danger and an opportunity to prevent it. What has come to be called lynching in the South is nothing but ordinary killings in other sections of the country. Because of the fact that some of our county sites are small villages with very small police forces and the jail kept by one man, those who are bitterly aroused and seek vengeance are able to go to the jail and by some ruse or trick capture the jailor and take the sought criminal."

"This very rarely occurs and we have adopted a rule in this State now of bringing to the State Prison in Raleigh for safekeeping criminals who have perpetrated crimes which in their nature outrage the community and might cause violence. So-called lynchings of this character are very rare. Most of these occurrences called lynchings happen before the officers apprehend the prisoner at all, and are nothing but murders committed by those who are outraged by the crime committed by the persons lynched. The officers know nothing of it until after it is over and have no way to prevent it."

"The sentiment against so-called lynchings in this State is pronounced and universal. We now have in the State penitentiary a white man who led a mob in an assault upon three negro prisoners in the hands of the authorities. I recently refused a grant of executive clemency to this prisoner. One of the three men sought by the mob, who was convicted of first degree murder and sentenced to death in the electric chair, has been recently committed to a sentence of life imprisonment upon the recommendation of the judge and scilicet who tried him."

JUDGE SEES PERIL IN BOLSHEVIK JURIES

Continued from First Page.

a flat in Manhattan avenue. Detectives Shields, Donahue and Boyle arrested Carmichael and they testified that Carmichael had confessed, implicating two other men, one of whom was found dead when the police went to get him.

The detectives testified that they found in Carmichael's possession at the time of his arrest a sapphire pin and a pair of diamond cuff links, which Richmond identified as his property. The loot was alleged to have consisted of \$15,900 worth of jewelry and \$700 in cash. Frank Cohen, 2015 Sixty-sixth street, Brooklyn, was alleged to have been with Carmichael at the time and to have lost \$500 of the cash.

The verdict of the jurors evoked an immediate protest from Judge Mancuso.

"I suppose," he said, "that in the future jurors will want the District Attorney to place before them a moving picture of the crime. It is hard for a Judge to sit on the bench and receive such a disgraceful verdict, particularly at this time during the prevalence of holdups and other crimes in this city."

There was no response from the jurors. The Judge asked them how they arrived at their decision. Still no response. Later, outside court, they protested that they are not required under the law to explain their actions. They loudly declared that they did not believe the police testimony offered by the detectives and, like the jurymen dismissed by Judge Talley, declared that they resented Judge Mancuso's attitude toward them.

The foreman of the jury was Hyman Kevelson, 745 Riverside Drive. The others were Joseph Corok, 1157 Lexington avenue; Fred R. Goebel, 378 West Eighty-seventh street; Abbot Arenson, 42 West Forty-sixth street; August Arenstein, 566 West 169th street; Samuel R. Feld, 85 Lenox avenue; Emil Engel, 543 West 146th street; Isidore Blank, 530 West 142d street; Alfred Benjamin, 560 West 180th street; Edward Simonds, 541 West 143d street; Henry Fuhrer, 54 Lawrence street, and Gustav Twer, 5199 Broadway.

The jury in this case was out only forty-five minutes.

The jury that aroused Judge Talley's ire acquitted Dominic Albero, 324 East 123d street, who was charged with having robbed a poultry store at 319 East 123d street. Policemen Sweetser and Sands testified that Al-

bero and his alleged companion at the time of his arrest offered them a \$105 bribe. In this case the jury was out just five minutes and the jurors were vehement in their declarations that they didn't believe the police.

In Judge Rosalsky's court on Friday Louis Webber, 205 Eldridge street, was placed on trial charged with stealing an automobile. Six talesmen said that they would find it difficult to accept police testimony. They were dismissed by the court, who said:

"I have found that ninety-nine out of every hundred policemen are honest, truthful, lawabiding men, and that they display more interest in the welfare of the community, even outside of their official positions, than the average man. Why should you doubt every policeman because you happen to read of the misdeeds of one or two?"

District Attorney Jacob H. Banton said that since he has been District Attorney he has come to have great respect for the testimony given by policemen. He declared that he had found many instances in which the element of fairness and truthfulness was the chief characteristic of such testimony.

"I have found that testimony by the members of the Police Department is the most reliable kind of testimony," he said.

Mr. Banton then asked: "What reason has a policeman to testify falsely?"

There the abbey authorities are said to

be asking \$1,000, the money to be devoted to the fund for restoration of the edifice.

The Westminster Hospital, directly opposite the abbey, has a portico over the doorway affording a splendid position for several cameras. Space for each of them is being assessed by the hospital authorities at \$100.

House owners along the line of the procession also are trying to reap "golden hay" from the photographers. Ten guineas is not an unusual price asked for the privilege of standing in a window or a door to "shoot" the bridal party as it drives slowly past.

It will cost some persons who can afford to pay it the equivalent of \$75 or more to insure even a glimpse of the royal procession between Buckingham Palace and Westminster Abbey. Bidding for seats at windows or on the roofs of buildings flanking the processional route, about a mile in length, is progressing briskly. The vantage points most coveted are those about Parliament Square, adjacent to Westminster Abbey, as these will afford a view of the arrival and departure of the wedding party.

Westminster Hospital is counted the "grand stand" for the occasion. This hospital is in urgent need of funds. The urgency will be lessened in a degree by the readiness of scores of people to pay generously for accommodation. The hospital realized nearly \$100,000 from the sale of "sight-seeing seats" last Coronation day.

Completed plans for reporting and photographing Princess Mary's wedding on February 25 reveal the fact that photographers in order to procure desirable vantage spots for their cameras will be called upon to pay huge sums of money.

From forty to fifty motion picture cameras will be employed and about 100 press cameras for snapping photographs of the procession. A favored place for taking pictures will be near the Westminster Abbey gateway, where the bridegroom, Viscount Lascelles, King George, Queen Mary and other members of the royal family, as well as the chief guests, will alight from their carriages and enter the building.

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WESTMINSTER GAINS BY ROYAL WEDDING

Abbey Authorities Ask \$1,000
for Privilege of Taking
Moving Pictures.

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STEWART & CO. Particularly Emphasize

The New Draped Silhouette in Dresses

How graceful and artistic are the new draped skirts on the dresses that Paris has decreed to be so fashionable during the ensuing season! Each model is more charming than the other and the fashionable woman will readily become fascinated with this new mode. Prices are moderate.

The Grecian Drape in a Crepe Nippon Dress

98.50

That free drapery which has ever distinguished the costumes of later Greece is vividly reflected in this smart dress of Satin-Back Silk Crepe Nippon. Its beauty is again heightened by the unique application of vertical rows of cluster tucks, stitched with Gold tinsel thread, on the upper part of bodice and on fascinating wide sleeves. A Gold thread ornament at side of waistline is very appealing.



New Paris-Inspired Dress Artistically Draped

129.50

Paris draws on the classical lines of Greece for her artful drapery and effects a dress of dignified elegance. Vividly colorful is the wool embroidery and tassels which not alone adorn but are really a part of the costume itself. Silk Crepe Nippon has been chosen for its fashioning because of its soft suppleness which is necessary to properly effect graceful drapes. The long funnel sleeves and the modish bateau neckline are to be admired.

Sports Coats and Suits

Coming events cast their shadows before, and those who are spending early Spring in warmer climes have adopted the sports costume for occasions other than the name "Sports" implies. And the brilliance of the colors in both coats and suits promises this Springtime to be one of liveliness and happy days. Box-coat and costume suits are particularly favored. Trig belted and loose flaring coats in Sports fabrics are the mode.

BOX COAT TWEED SUIT

55.00

That jaunty, chic mien so sought after by the smart woman is at once apparent in this elegantly modeled suit of exceptionally fine Tweed, with its straight lines enhanced by diagonal pockets, long notched collar, link-button and rounded bottom on coat. Evidencing tailoring of an unusually high degree, which gives it a smartness and permanency of line, this youthful model is ideal for the many out-of-door occasions of Springtime.

IMPORTED TWEED SUIT

28.00

Imported Cherigan Tweed has won a warm spot in the hearts of women who appreciate distinction in fabric. This smartly tailored suit with mannish notched collar, long revers, leather design buttons and slashed pockets is decidedly appealing. The coat is in fashionable box effect, but can also be worn with matching tie belt. In all the new Springtime mixtures.

The Spring Vogue

in

Millinery

10.00 to 40.00

The hat is perhaps the most essential part of your Spring wardrobe, and the modish woman must necessarily have a chapeau that is wholly in keeping with her costume. The Millinery shop is replete with all that is new, novel and interesting in headgear. Hats of Hair Cloth (visca weave), Angora Wool Sports hats in vivid colors, Felt hats in the new shades and Tuscan Straws. The ornamentation is also novel in treatment and emphasizes gay flowers, fancy pins, drapes of lace and colorful birds. Much attention is being focussed on hexagon mesh veils and flet designs to be worn with the smaller hats.

NEW TWEED SPORTS COAT

45.00

Decidedly different is this appealing Sports Coat of Imported Tweed—the fabric of the hour. And one will be instantly captivated by the striking effect created by the distended pockets of grey leather with cut strips extending to bottom of coat and ending in steel balls to harmonize with the tiny studs. Black leather piping is quite novel, and the narrow leather belt with steel ring trimmings is an acceptable detail. Richly lined with silk crepe.

NEW LLAMA SPORTS COAT

59.50

A swagger Sports Coat with distinctiveness in line is indeed a rarity. Having attained this all important point, one may now don one of these trig coats of Llama—a genuine English woolen fabric with a downy appearance—and saunter forth with the assurance of irreproachable correctness in style and distinction in line. An adjustable collar, English leather buttons, belt with buckle in front and rich silk lining are a few of the features.

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